

Copernicus Cal/Val Solution - Cal/Val Requirements for the Constellation of Atmospheric Composition Sentinels



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Objectives of the Copernicus Cal/Val Solution

EC H2020 project to define a holistic solution for all Copernicus Sentinel missions to overcome current limitations of Calibration and Validation (Cal/Val) activities http://ccvs.eu

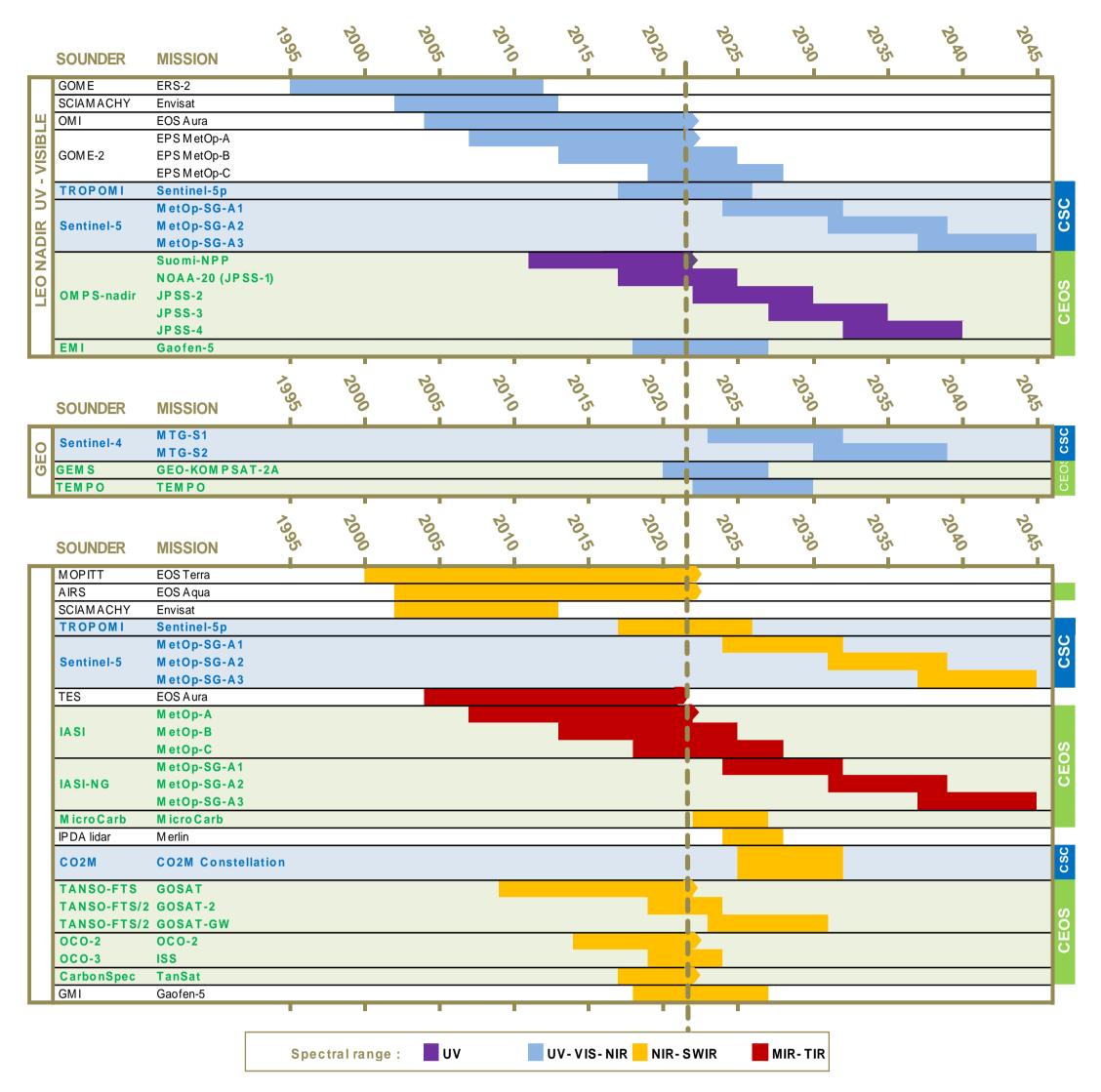
Required operational Cal/Val for Copernicus data currently limited by:

- need to revisit requirements and objectives to consider new usage of Copernicus products, interoperability requirements, and to anticipate the needs of future Copernicus missions,
- programmatic and budgetary requirements constraining current Cal/Val activities, not necessarily following scientific priorities,
- operational availability of high-quality Fiducial Reference Measurements (FRM) which are today mostly provided by external entities without strong commitment to the Copernicus programme,
- lack of systematic exploration of synergies within Copernicus and with other national and international programmes.

Atmospheric Composition Missions

Cal/Val requirements for Sentinel-4, Sentinel-5p, Sentinel-5, and CO2M

- for every Sentinel instrument
- for interoperability
- within the constellation of atmospheric Sentinels (Copernicus Space Component, CSC)
- with instruments co-hosted on the same platform: e.g., synergies CO2M CLIM & MAP, Sentinel-4 UVN & IRS, Sentinel-5 UVNS & IASI-NG
- within the international satellite constellations for Air Quality, Greenhouse Gases, Ozone... and for international assessments (CLRTAP, LOTUS, TOAR, WMO 03



Standards and Traceability

- QA4EO data quality strategy
- Traceable Quality Indicators
- Standard terminology
- Community endorsed best practices
- Traceability of Cal/Val process

Cardinal Cal/Val Targets: Validity of

- Level-1 and Level-2 data
- Auxiliary and ancillary parameters
- Calibration parameters and quality flags
- Ex-ante uncertainties

Mission and User Requirements

- Goal: fitness-for-purpose of Sentinels Requirements: mission (MRTD), Copernicus services, core users
- Interoperability with(in) CEOS and **CGMS** constellations

Data Content and Documentation

- Traceability of data processing chain, versions, ancillary data etc.
- Full uncertainty budget, diagnostics

Validation Approaches

- From Lebel-1 to Level-2
- Evaluation vs. FRMs, other satellites, field campaigns, alternative retrievals
- Evaluation by Copernicus services
- Specific approaches for synergistic data

Validation Data Analysis

- Generic validation chain
- Evaluation of maturity of validation:
 - Reference data representativeness
 - Reference data quality
 - Validation method
 - Validation results

Cal/Val requirement by category	Sections	Identifier
Standards and traceability		
EO Cal/Val activities shall adhere to the general EO data quality strategy established in the QA4EO framework.	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-001
Traceable Quality Indicators shall be produced to enable users to evaluate readily the fitness-for-purpose of the EO data.	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-002
EO Cal/Val activities shall adopt standards and best practices for terminology. The expression of terms ambiguously used across teams and communities (e.g. accuracy) shall be clarified.	1.3.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-003
EO Cal/Val activities based on data comparisons shall adopt community endorsed processes of generic operations and specific operations.	3.3	CCVS-REQ-AC-004
Maturity of the EO Cal/Val shall be assessed against the CEOS WGISS Data Management and Stewardship Maturity Matrix for satellite data validation.	3.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-005
Traceability of the validation process, methods, tools and data shall be documented.	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-006
Validation reporting shall include traceability information on the Sentinel data product, the validation processing, and the validation teams having performed the work and issued the report.	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-007
Cardinal validation targets		
Quality indicators shall be established for Level-1b data (radiance, reflectance and irradiance) and for their radiometric calibration, spectral	3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-008
Quality indicators shall be established for Level-2 geophysical quantities	3.1.1,	CCVS-REQ-AC-009
(column and profile of atmospheric constituents). Validity of the ancillary and auxiliary parameters used by the Level-1-to-2	3.1.2 3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-010
data processors shall be verified. Theoretical ex-ante uncertainties associated with the Level-1b and Level-2	3.1.1, 3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-011
data products shall be given quantitative evidence of their validity. Quality flags and of data usage recommendations associated with the data products shall be given evidence of their validity and efficiency.	3.1.2 3.1.1, 3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-012
Compliance of actual quality of the data product shall be evaluated with	3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-013
respect to mission requirements and core user requirements. Compliance of actual quality of the data product shall be evaluated with	3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-014
respect to product specifications.		
Mission and user requirements Cal/Val activities shall establish quality indicators enabling to judge the	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-015
fitness-for-purpose of the Sentinel data quality comply with product specifications and mission requirements.		
Cal/Val activities shall establish quality indicators enabling the Copernicus services to readily evaluate the fitness of the Sentinel data for their purposes.	3.1.1, 4.2.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-016
Cal/Val activities shall establish quality indicators enabling to readily evaluate whether the Sentinel data comply with interoperability requirements within the Copernicus constellations and within the CEOS and CGMS constellations.	4.2.2 , 4.7	CCVS-REQ-AC-017
Cal/Val requirements for the atmospheric composition Sentinels shall be adapted during mission lifetime and beyond to reflect the evolution of core user data quality requirements.	1.1.3, 4.2, 4.2.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-018
Requirements on Sentinel data content and docu	nentation	
Each Sentinel data product shall be provided with full identification of the data processing chain: data processor versions, but also identification of the	3.1.1	CCVS-REQ-AC-019
ancillary and auxiliary data used in the processing. Each Sentinel data product shall have associated with it a full uncertainty budget described in detail in an Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD), with identification of the intermediate parameters, influence	2.4, 3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-020
quantities and ancillary parameters influencing data quality. Each Sentinel data product shall include intermediate retrieved quantities, diagnostic data (averaging kernels) and other quality information required to perform data content and information content analysis.	2.4, 3.3, 3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-021
Validation approaches		
Sentinel Level-1b radiance and reflectance data shall be compared to	3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-022
natural targets for validation of geolocation, of calibration, of long-term stability, and of mutual consistency with other missions.		
Sentinel Level-1b radiance and reflectance data shall be inter-compared with other satellite measurements.	3.1.2, 3.2.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-023
Sentinel Level-1b data shall be compared to (ground-based) Fiducial Reference Measurements.	3.2.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-024
Sentinel-1b extra-terrestrial spectral irradiance data shall be compared to other satellite measurements.	3.1.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-025
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Reference Measurements tailored to Cal/Val needs of traceability, documentation, uncertainty assignment, timeliness of delivery, and long-	3.2.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-026
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Cal/Val requirement by category	Sections	Identifier
Sentinel-5p specificities	Sections	identifici
Cal/Val activities listed above shall be performed for the list of Sentinel-5p data products delivered to core users and the public.	4.3	CCVS-REQ-AC-042
Emphasis shall be given to the validation of clouds as a major influence quantity affecting the tropospheric data retrievals.	4.3	CCVS-REQ-AC-043
Emphasis shall be given to small-scale spatial variability in tropospheric column data.	4.3, 4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-044
Cal/Val activities shall include validation of the geolocation and horizontal	4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-045
resolution of ground pixels under a variety of measurement conditions. Inter-calibration and cross-validation of Sentinel-5p with other LEO satellites	4.4,4.3,4.7	CCVS-REQ-AC-046
shall take into account diurnal cycle effects on atmospheric constituents, measurement parameters, and influence quantities.		
Interoperability of Sentinel-5p with other missions of the AQ, GHG and ozone constellations shall be verified.	4.7, 4.3, 4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-047
Sentinel-5 specificities	- 44	COVE DEO AC DAO
Cal/Val activities listed above shall be performed for the list of Sentinel-5 data products delivered to core users and the public. Emphasis shall be given to the validation of clouds as a major influence	4.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-048 CCVS-REQ-AC-049
quantity affecting the tropospheric data retrievals.		
Cal/Val activities shall include validation of the geolocation and horizontal resolution of ground pixels under a variety of measurement conditions.	4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-050
Cal/Val activities shall address the synergistic retrievals based on concurrent observations from UVNS and IASI-NG on-board the EPS MetOp-SG platform.	2.3.3	CCVS-REQ-AC-051
Inter-calibration and cross-validation of Sentinel-5 with other LEO satellites shall take into account diurnal cycle effects on atmospheric constituents,	4.4,4.3,4.7	CCVS-REQ-AC-052
measurement parameters, and influence quantities. Interoperability of Sentinel-5 with other missions of the Air Quality,	4.7,4.2.2,	CCVS-REQ-AC-053
Greenhouse Gases and Ozone satellite constellations shall be verified.	4.2.3.2, 4.2.4.2,	
Sentinel-4 specificities		0010 055 15
Cal/Val activities listed above shall be performed for the list of Sentinel-4 data products delivered to core users and the public.	4.5	CCVS-REQ-AC-054
Cal/Val activities shall put emphasis on the diurnal cycle of atmospheric constituents, measurement parameters, and influence quantities.	4.5, 2.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-055
Cal/Val activities shall give special attention to the dependence of data quality on solar and viewing angles.	4.5, 2.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-056
Emphasis shall be given to the validation of clouds as a major influence quantity affecting the tropospheric data retrievals.	4.5, 4.3,4.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-057
Directional effects (related to the viewing of atmospheric and surface properties) on Sentinel data quality shall be investigated.	4.5, 2.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-058
Cal/Val activities shall include validation of the geolocation and horizontal resolution of ground pixels at representative conditions of the measured	4.5, 4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-059
area (Europe, Northern Africa and Western Turkey). Cal/Val activities shall address the use of Flexible Combined Imager (FCI)	2.3.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-060
data aboard the MTG-Imager (MTG-I) platform for enhanced Sentinel-4 UVN Level-2 retrievals.	2.5.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-000
Cal/Val activities shall address the synergistic retrievals based on concurrent observations from UVN and IRS on-board the same MTG-S platform.	2.3.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-061
Interoperability of Sentinel-4 with other geostationary platforms and within the Air Quality satellite constellation shall be verified using Sentinel-5 (and	4.2.3.2, 4.7, 4.5	CCVS-REQ-AC-062
possibly other LEO missions) as transfer standard.	,	
CO2M specificities Top-of-atmosphere (TOA) radiance and reflectance require dedicated	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-063
(inter-)calibration validation and product validation, among others through vicarious methods and ground-based measurements extrapolated to TOA.		
Directional effects (related to the viewing of atmospheric, cloud and surface properties) on CO2M data quality shall be investigated.	4.6, 2.4	CCVS-REQ-AC-064
Cal/Val activities shall address polarisation properties measured by Multi- Angle Polarimeter (MAP).	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-065
Cal/Val activities shall give special attention to the cloud and aerosol data measured by Cloud Imager (CLIM) and Multi-Angle Polarimeter (MAP) data.	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-066
Special attention shall be given to the proper detection of cirrus clouds.		
Validation shall consider the various scales of application of CO2M data, from small-scale spatial variability to continental budgets.	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-067
Cal/Val activities shall include validation of the geolocation and horizontal resolution of ground pixels under a variety of measurement conditions, including validation of the geolocation in case of concurrent measurements	4.2.3.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-068
by two CO2M satellites. Emphasis shall be given to the validation of the spectral fitting approach for	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-069
the tropospheric trace gases. Multiple dedicated validation measurements near large point sources shall	4.6	CCVS-REQ-AC-070
	4.0	
be undertaken to enable validation of geographical, temporal and vertical aspects of the CO ₂ /NO ₂ plume detection.		
	4.6, 4.7, 4.2.4.2	CCVS-REQ-AC-071
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Sentinel-5(p) Specificities

- Unprecedented horizontal resolution
- Small-scale spatial variability
- Effects of clouds on tropo. retrievals
- Diurnal cycle effects in inter-calibration and cross-validation vs. other satellites
- Interoperability with heritage missions

Sentinel-4 Specificities

- Full diurnal cycle
- Dependences on solar & viewing angles
- Directional (incl. obscuration) effects
- Synergies FCI/MTG-I for enhanced UVN L2 retrievals, and UVN/IRS
- LEO satellites as travelling standard

CO2M Specificities

- Polarization properties by MAP
- Small-scale to continental variability
- Validation of point sources
- CO₂/NO₂ plume detection
- Interoperability in CO2M constellation and vs. other GHG missions

Planning and Organization

- From pre-launch to Phase F
- Operational + in-depth validation
- Facilities and workforce
- Communication

Tools and Services

- Validation database
- Sustainable acquisition of FRM data
- Orbit/overpass predictor
- Satellite data extractor
- Common validation analysis tools
- Validation reporting (incl. timeliness)
- Anomaly tracking



CCVS-REQ-AC-08

A suite of tools, eventually part of a coordinated reporting system for reasons of efficiency and internal coherence, shall be designed, developed,

An anomaly tracking system shall be implemented to register anomalies and

equired actions related to the satellite data, the validation data, and the

tested and implemented for various purposes